## **RESOLUTION #14**

## HEMP

1	WHEREAS, hemp (cannabis sativa) was a major industrial crop grown in America
2	since the Colonial period, and was used for textiles, paper and rope, and continues to this
3	day to be used in fiberboard, construction materials, protein for both humans and livestock,
4	lubricating oils and energy-producing biomass; and
5	WHEREAS, hemp-based plastics, which biodegrade at a much faster rate than
6	petroleum-based plastics (which take hundreds to thousands of years to biodegrade in a
7	landfill), can be substituted for more traditional plastics in many, although not all, uses for
8	packaging, which would go far in reducing the amount of lesser-biodegradable plastics in
9	landfills and waterways, creating a sizeable market for hemp grown in New Jersey; and
10	WHEREAS, there continues to exist significant interest among New Jersey farmers
11	in growing hemp as an alternative crop, as markets for products made from it continue to
12	grow; and
13	WHEREAS, as of the enactment of the 2018 Farm Bill on December 20,
14	2018, hemp and its products have been removed from the Schedule I list of the Controlled
15	Substances Act and is no longer a controlled substance, although its closely related
16	botanical "cousin," marijuana remains on the Schedule 1 list; and
17	WHEREAS, the Department of Agriculture has established a program to allow for the
18	cultivation and the testing of hemp to ensure that its THC content does not exceed 0.3
19	percent, as amounts over that level can cause the plant to be considered marijuana instead
20	of hemp; and
21	WHEREAS, there is considerable variability in the THC content of different varieties
22	of hemp plants, and it is dependent upon genetics, environment, seed set, flower maturity
23	and harvest time; and

24 **WHEREAS**, horticultural expertise is required to ensure that hemp production stays 25 within legal bounds and that the seeds being imported into the state to grow it fall within 26 those legal bounds; and

WHEREAS, the Department of Agriculture in 2019 submitted to the USDA its plan for
a hemp program including testing for THC content, and the USDA approved that plan, setting
the stage for the planting, cultivation and harvesting of hemp in New Jersey; and
WHEREAS, approaching the end of 2021, New Jersey had a total of 21
processors/handlers and 58 growers licensed, with 48 of those growers actively
cultivating hemp varieties on 55 outdoor acres and five acres at indoor locations
throughout the state.

NOW, THEREFORE, BE IT RESOLVED, that we, the delegates to the 107<sup>th</sup> State
Agricultural Convention, assembled in Atlantic City on February 9-10, 2022, do hereby
acknowledge the work of the Department to create the parameters of the state's hemp
program and secure USDA approval of that program, including testing of seeds and the
inspections of growing facilities by the Department's Division of Plant Industry.

39 **BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED**, that we urge the Legislature and Governor to include 40 the necessary annual funding in the state budget to continue the Department's testing,

41 research and promotional work in furthering the industrial hemp industry in New Jersey, and

42 providing the necessary and adequate funding to the Department to further work, alone or in

43 concert with other state and federal agencies, to develop markets for hemp producers,

44 including a hemp-based replacement for petroleum-based plastic packaging.